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MIND IS THE FIRST DEFENCE

Using MDA to support software-firmware co-design and co-verification on Virtual Platforms

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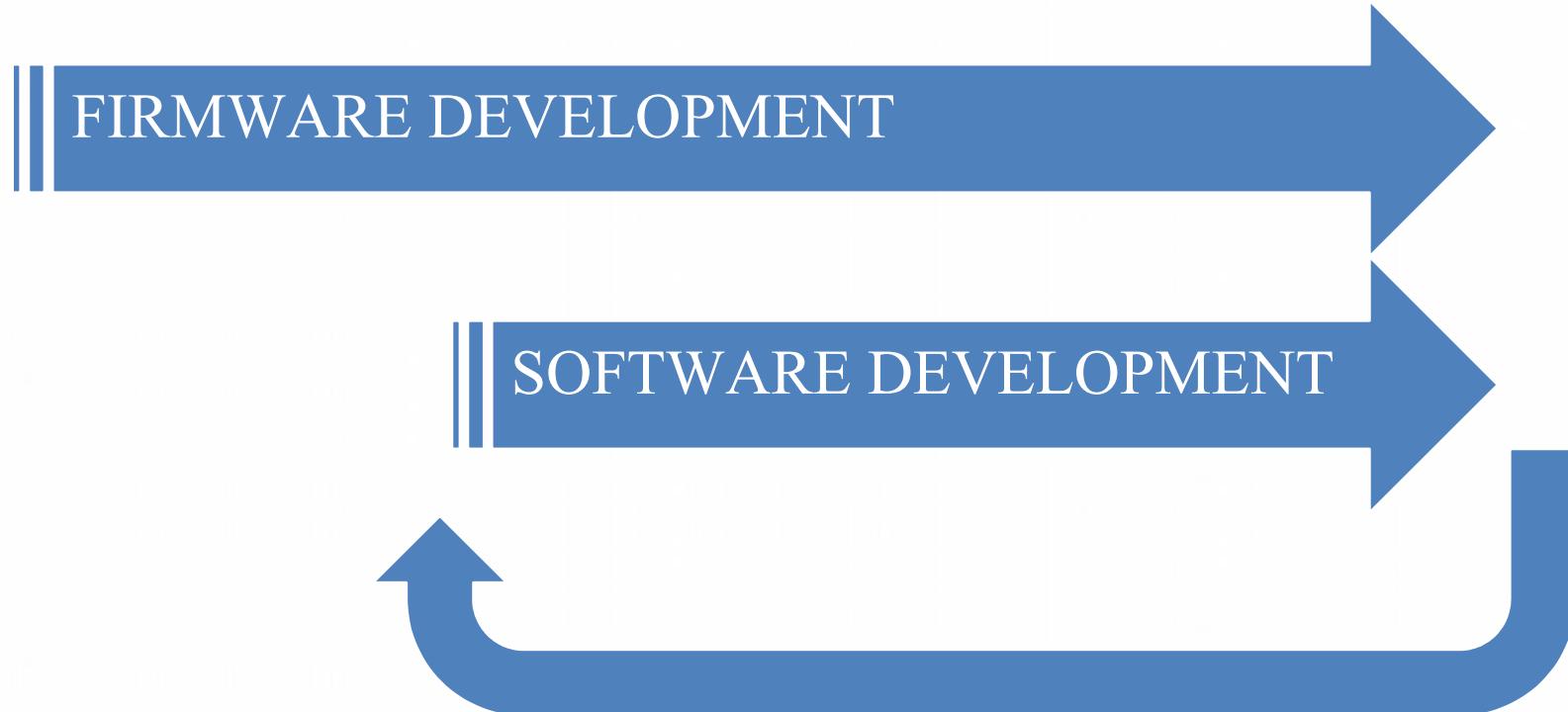
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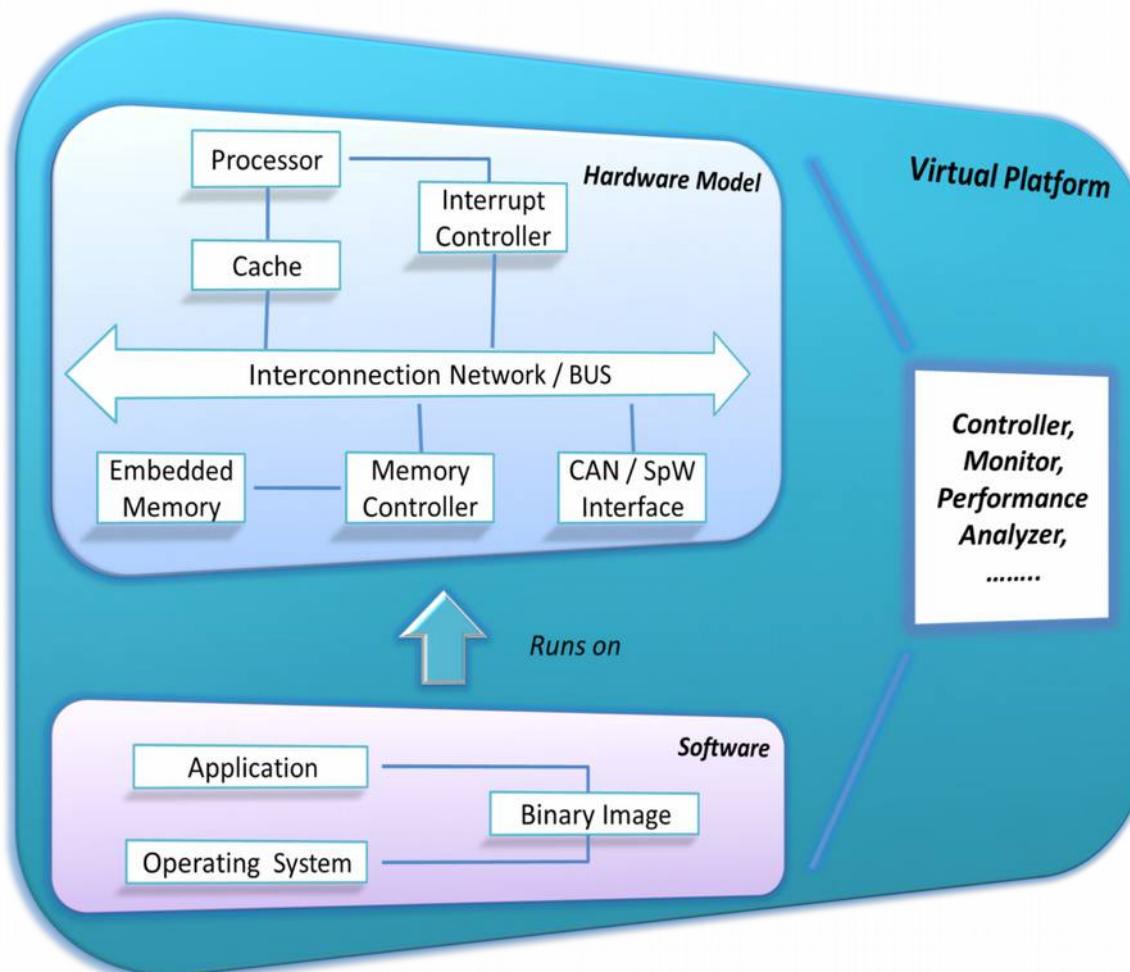
Context: The Problem

- In Embedded Systems Software and Firmware components (**SWCI & FWCI**) are tightly coupled.
- SWCI are developed when FWCI aren't available.
- IV&V usually takes place at Unit or System level: problems discovered at this level can have heavy impact on Project Schedule.
- Software is difficult to test against regressions: FW and HW must be available and tests cannot be performed in an automatic way (i.e. Continuous Integration environments)

Without Virtual Platforms

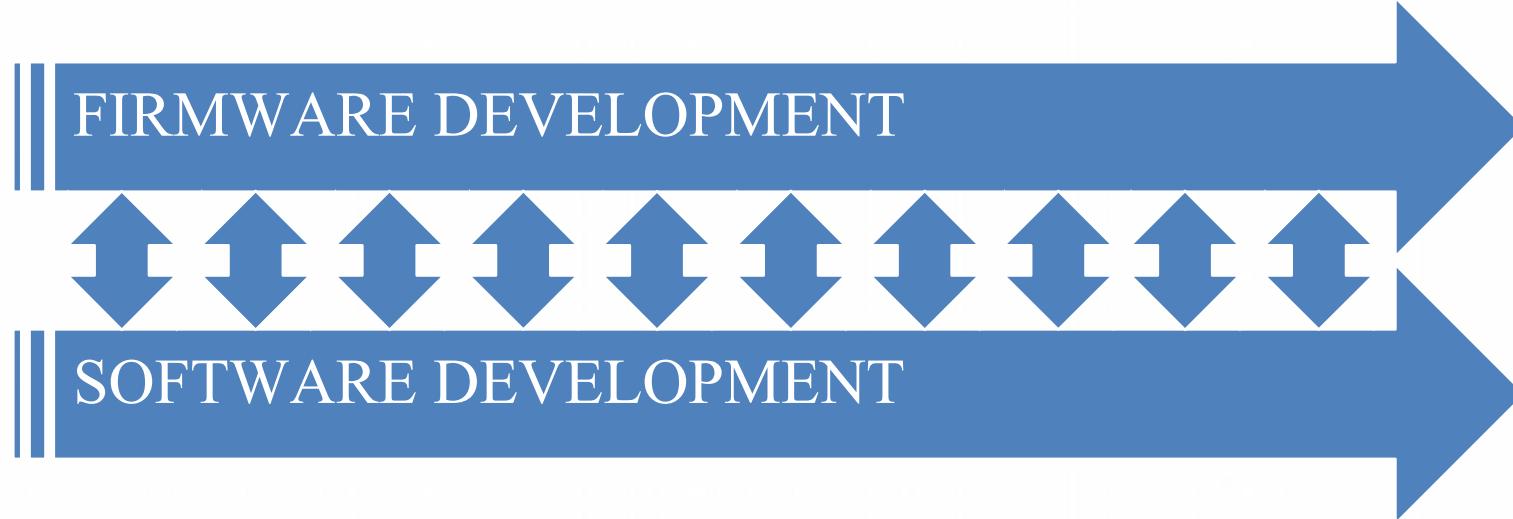


Virtual Platforms to the rescue



- ❑ A Virtual Platform is a software simulation of a computational platform
- ❑ A Virtual Platform is binary compatible with the real computational platform
- ❑ Virtual Platforms can be «enhanced» adding models that behave as missing firmware components
- ❑ Many VPs available commercially and not (SIMICS, OVP, QEMU)

With Virtual Platforms



Methodology Key Points

- Since early stages software development performed on a Virtual Platform
- Software & Firmware Engineers cooperate on Virtual Platform Firmware Models development
- Software V&V can take place since early stages of development: no last minute surprises and big design changes
- Continuous Integration environments can be used to discover regressions: fail early, fail often VS fail late, fail rarely
- Virtual Platform models development requires additional resources

Virtual Platform Models Costs Mitigation

- ❑ Use MDD approaches to reduce models costs
 - ❑ Model Skeleton Generation
 - ❑ Device Driver Generation
- ❑ Use HLS (High Level Synthesis) tools to partially generate Firmware from C, C++ or SystemC models
 - ❑ Vivado HLS
 - ❑ Mentor Graphics Catapult

MDD Technologies

- ❑ FW/SW interface represented using **lightweight or heavyweight modeling**
 - ❑ UML Profiles
 - ❑ Ecore Metamodels
 - ❑ XML Schema (XSD)
- ❑ OMG M2T for generation of virtual platform model and driver
 - ❑ Acceleo
 - ❑ Eclipse Modeling Framework
 - ❑ Eclipse Plugin Generation

Virtual Platform Comparison

- ❑ SIMICS (WindRiver)
 - ❑ Commercial (**High Cost**)
 - ❑ Documented
 - ❑ High Virtual Hardware Availability
 - ❑ DML, C, C++, SystemC
- ❑ OVP (Imperas Software)
 - ❑ Commercial (**Low Cost, Free for Educational Purposes**)
 - ❑ Documented
 - ❑ Medium Virtual Hardware Availability
 - ❑ C, C++, SystemC
- ❑ QEMU
 - ❑ Open Source
 - ❑ (**un**)Documented (**need to read source and design documents**)
 - ❑ High Virtual Hardware Availability
 - ❑ C

Virtual Platform (QEMU Example)

- ADD CUSTOM FW TO QEMU VERSATILE EXPRESS PLATFORM
- DEVELOP LINUX KERNEL MODULE
- DEVELOP SOFTWARE THAT INTERACTS WITH VIRTUAL FIRMWARE

Example (Boot and test run)

